

DAY 1



Read Romans 7:14-25

What does Paul say that “we know” in verse 14?

Now look at verse 12 again and write down what he also says about the Law and commandment:

How is the law “spiritual?” Give verses to support your answer.

What does Paul mean when he says, “but I am carnal, having been sold under sin?”

What does Paul teach about the flesh (7:18, 1 Corinthians 15:50, Galatians 5:19, Ephesians 2:3, Philippians 3:3, and Colossians 2:13)?

What is the common denominator that describes the condition of all men in all dispensations?

DAY 1



Think again on 7:14-25 (read it again if you need to), and answer the following questions:

Does the old nature in you constantly strive to gain control?

Do you have no problem at all with your "old man?"

Have you consistently overcome the flesh in your experience as a Christian?

Have you ever felt like Paul when he says, "to will is present with me, but how to perform that which is good I find not?"

Have you found out how to consistently perform the good and overcome the evil?

No one has fully learned how to consistently perform that which is good all the time. Our flesh wars against the Spirit and it is a daily battle, moment by moment, choice by choice.

Can we boast that we are better than others?

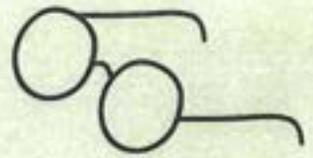
Does this passage encourage you that you are not alone? One of the greatest men in the Bible struggled as we do....how does this make you feel?

Look up 1 Timothy 1:15 and Ephesians 3:8 and write down how Paul describes himself.

Look at the end of Ephesians 3:8 again and write down how Paul talks about his God-given message:



Day Two



To help us understand Romans 7:15-8:4, let's look at five important laws that are referred to. Basically a law is a fixed rule. This definition holds true of the laws of nature, of civil and moral laws, and also of the Holy Law of God.

◆ Moral Law of God - 7:22 - The Law that God gave through Moses, centered in the Ten Commandments.

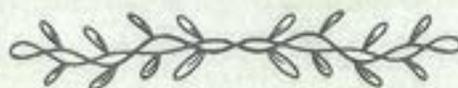
1. What did this Law represent (Ex. 19:5,6)?
2. What was the penalty of breaking this covenant (2 Cor. 3:7)?
3. Does it concern the Gentiles as well (Romans 2:14,15, 3:19, 5:12,20)?
4. What does the Law emphasize?

◆ Law of Indwelling Sin - 7:23 - Found at work even in the life of the most consecrated saint of God.

1. Read through 7:14,18-23 if you need to again. Do these verses mean that Paul was not the true man of God that the Scriptures present to us?
2. Is there any good thing in our old self, our old nature?
3. True or False: The path to victory lies not in a subjective examination of the old nature, much less in attempts to improve the old nature, but in an objective occupation with Christ, in whose blessed Person we now stand before God, justified from every sin.

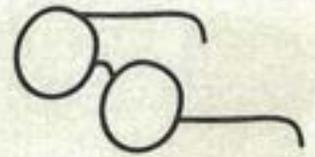


On a separate piece of paper, write your thoughts out on this question:
Why does God not remove our sin nature at the moment of Salvation?





Day Two



Law of the Renewed Mind - Romans 7:22,23 - It begins at conversion, when one who viewed the Bible in the light of other things now begins to view other things in the light of the Bible.

1. What does Colossians 3:10 say we are renewed in?



List some verses that talk about renewing our minds. There are MANY in the Bible - try to at least give me four!



Law of Sin and Death - 8:2 - One of the basic lessons of Scripture is that sin brings death, and this is also one of the basic facts of life.

1. Look up the following verses and write down what they say about sin and death:

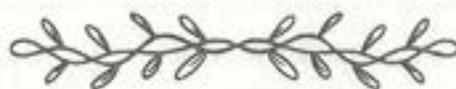
a. Ezekiel 18:4 -

b. Romans 5:12 -

c. Romans 6:23 -

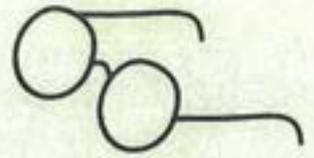
d. James 1:15 -

2. Do believers need to be scared of this law? Give a reason for your answer.





Day Two



◆ The Law of the Spirit Life in Christ - 8:2 - With our sins imputed to Christ and His righteousness imputed to us, we are fully justified before the bar of a just and holy God.

1. Look up the following verses and write down what they say about those IN CHRIST:

a. Romans 8:1 -

b. Ephesians 1:6 -

c. Colossians 2:10 -

2. According to Romans 6:6 and Galatians 2:20, who are believers dead IN?

NOTES

DAY THREE

Read Romans 7:15-25



In Romans 7:15-25, the question arises: Of whom does Paul speak here? The "old man", "new man," or "whole man?"

In verse 18 Paul uses the words, "in me". Who is this referring to? (make sure to continue on in the verse for the answer)

When Paul says, "I allow not" and "I hate" in verse 15, who is he referring to?

What about in verse 17 when Paul says, "sin that dwelleth in me"?

What do I mean when I ask, "who is the whole man?"

What do you think Paul means by, "it is no more I that do it" found in verses 17 and 20?

How many natures does a believer have?

DAY
FOUR

Read Romans 8:1-4



How many times does Paul use the word "therefore" in Romans?

Look up the following verses and write out what comes after the "therefore"

Romans 2:1 -

Romans 3:20 -

Romans 3:28 -

Romans 5:1 -

Romans 8:1 -



DAY
FOUR



In 8:1 - Paul says, "There is therefore now no condemnation to them which are in Christ Jesus, **who walk not after the flesh**, but after the Spirit." Does this mean we can lose our salvation? Give a reason for your answer.

How are we freed from condemnation(believers)?

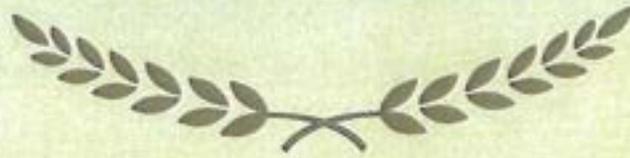
Jesus, thy blood and righteousness
My beauty are, my glorious dress.
Midst flaming worlds, in these arrayed,
With joy shall I lift up my head.

Bold shall I stand in that great day,
For who aught to my charge shall lay?
Fully absolved from these I am:
From sin and fear, from guilt and shame.

John Wesley



DAY FIVE



Read Romans 8:5-39 and take notes for next week!!!



